Juan C. Chavez, OSB #136428 Franz H. Bruggemeier, OSB #163533 Oregon Justice Resource Center PO Box 5248 Portland, OR 97208 Telephone: 503-944-2270

Telephone: 503-944-2270 Facsimile: 971-275-1839

Attorney for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON EUGENE DIVISION

MARK WILSON	Case No.
Plaintiffs,	
v.	COMPLAINT
JERRY PLANTE, and JOHN DOES 1-10.	Civil Rights Action (42 U.S.C. § 1983)
Defendants.	

INTRODUCTION

1. This is a civil rights action brought by plaintiff, Mark J. Wilson, a state prisoner pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff alleges that defendants have retaliated against plaintiff for his protected conduct as an inmate legal assistant, prison advocate, and for his efforts to access the courts in his own case. Plaintiff seeks damages for actions by defendants which violate his protected constitutional rights pursuant to the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution. Plaintiff seeks declaratory and injunctive relief, compensatory and punitive damages and reasonable costs and attorney's fees, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COMPLAINT Page 1 of 14

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This court has jurisdiction over plaintiff's claims for violation of federal constitutional rights, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331(a) and 1343 because the cause of action arises under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 3. Most actions alleged herein occurred in Marion County, Oregon. Venue is properly before this District of Oregon pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) where all of the events giving rise to these claims occurred in this judicial district and because defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in the District Court of Oregon.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff MARK J. WILSON is, and was at all times relevant, a prisoner of the Oregon Department of Corrections (ODOC). At all relevant times, he was and is currently confined within the Oregon State Correctional Institution (OSCI) in Salem, Marion County Oregon. At all relevant times, plaintiff was employed at OSCI as an inmate legal assistant, as defined by OAR 291-139-0130(2) and ORS 291-139-0160.
- 5. Defendant JERRY K. PLANTE is, and was at all times relevant, an employee of the ODOC, assigned as an inspector in the Special Investigation Unit (SIU). He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.
- 6. Defendant JOHN and JANE DOES 1-20 are and were at all times relevant, employees of the ODOC whose identifies are currently unknown to plaintiff. All Doe defendants have been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. Plaintiff will amend this complaint to formally name all DOE defendants once their identifies are revealed to plaintiff in discovery. All Doe defendants are sued in their official and individual capacities.

7. All defendants have acted, and continue to act, at all times relevant under color of state law.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Relevant Polices, Practices, and Rules of the ODOC

- 8. The "Oregon Way" is a philosophical approach to corrections created by the ODOC based on best practices in security and the belief that humanizing and normalizing the prison environment is beneficial for employees and prisoners. This innovative approach to incarceration stems from an investigation and immersion in the Norwegian correction system. The Norwegian system is driven by the idea that incarcerated people are "human beings in prisons."
- 9. ODOC Director Collette Peters, who developed and promotes the "Oregon Way," explained that Oregon prisons should be places where punishment is the absence of freedom and community, but where "everything else models life on the outside to every degree possible" and prisoners are treated with dignity.
- 10. ODOC Director Peters has stated the "Oregon Way" policy in testimony before the Oregon Legislature, stating that "we now know that in order to protect society, help our Adults in Custody (AICs) take personal responsibility, be accountable for their actions, and engage in reformation we must treat them in a normalized environment and in the most humane way possible."
- 11. The adoption of the "Oregon Way" and ODOC Director Peters' public statements create a reasonable expectation by ODOC employees, prisoners, and the public that prisoners in ODOC custody will be treated "in a normalized environment and in the most humane way possible."
- 12. Prison officials have a constitutional obligation to provide prisoners with law libraries or adequate assistance from persons trained in the law to assist in the preparation and filing of

meaningful legal papers. ODOC has fulfilled that duty by providing both law libraries and legal assistance to prisoners at the Oregon State Correctional Institution (OSCI).

- 13. ODOC rules under Chapter 291, Division 139 describe the responsibilities of library coordinators and legal assistants in the following ways. Library coordinators are responsible for supervising facility legal libraries and the provision of law library services to inmates, including the activities of the assigned legal assistants. The library coordinator may instruct inmates on how and where to access requested law library services and other resources, but may not offer advice or directly assist an inmate with their legal issues, case or matter.
- 14. OAR 291-139-0160(11) prohibits the library coordinator from assigning or removing an inmate legal assistant based on retaliation for legitimate legal activities done in accordance with ODOC rules.
- 15. Based on OAR 291-139-0160(11), inmate legal assistants have a reasonable expectation that they will not be retaliated against by any ODOC employee for their authorized legal activities.
- 16. Inmate legal assistants are authorized and expected in ODOC to do legal activities that would otherwise constitute the unauthorized practice of law under Oregon law.
- 17. Prisoners must obey ODOC employees or be in violation of ODOC rules.
- 18. ODOC employees are permitted to make day-to-day decisions and authorize prisoner activity within the scope of the employee's duties, including deciding whether a prisoner's action is a violation of ODOC rules.
- 19. Prisoners have a reasonable expectation to not be punished for violating ODOC rules when their actions have been authorized by an ODOC employee.

Plaintiff, His Position as Legal Assistant at OSCI, and the Library Coordinator

- 20. Plaintiff has been incarcerated for over 30 years within the ODOC for a crime he committed at 18 years of age.
- 21. During his time within the ODOC, plaintiff is well known as an advocate for prisoner's rights, working in as a legal assistant in ODOC, contributing as a writer for Prison Legal News, and participating in legislative matters.
- 22. Plaintiff has shown himself to be an honest and trustworthy person to both correctional staff, other prisoners, and members of the public during his many years of incarceration.
- 23. Rule violation for 1991 violation authorized protest at wages for pay,
- 24. Plaintiff has been targeted by ODOC staff and prisoners alike over the years due to his work as legal assistant and as a prisoner advocate. For example, ODOC has previously retaliated against plaintiff for his assistance in a civil suit requiring ODOC to provide adequate medical treatment to prisoners. *See Wilson v. Van Valkenburgh*, cv-06-1391-SU.
- 25. From February 2012, until earlier this year, plaintiff was assigned as an inmate legal assistant at OSCI. During that time, he worked under at least five library coordinators at OSCI, including, until most recently, under the supervision of library coordinator Pam McKinney (hereafter "McKinney").
- 26. Plaintiff's duties as an inmate legal assistant included but were not limited to, drafting motions, affidavits, legal memoranda, petitions, complaints, letters, appellate briefs, administrative review requests and prison grievances.
- 27. As an inmate legal assistant plaintiff has received requests that legal coordinators direct him to provide assistance on, including by not limited to: appeals of convictions and sentences, conditions of confinement challenges, Board of Parole issues, child support/custody/visitation issues, dissolution proceedings, wills and estates issues, defense of civil actions.

- 28. Throughout his entire time as an inmate legal assistant, he was allowed discretion with respect to legal matters, to do those things he deemed necessary to properly and effectively perform his duties as an inmate legal assistant.
- 29. Throughout the many years plaintiff served as an inmate legal assistant he developed working relationships with numerous attorneys, prisoner and mental health advocacy groups, court personnel and others as necessary to carry out his legal assistant duties.
- 30. Until on or about April 15, 2021, McKinney had worked for over 22 years as a veteran employee with the ODOC. She had been through countless hours of training during her career.
- 31. McKinney authorized plaintiff and other legal assistants to print documents and provide other services without charging prisoners for the initial printing costs.
- 32. McKinney authorized and facilitated legal assistants, including plaintiff, and prisoners to have emails and phone calls sent and received to outside individuals.
- 33. McKinney oversaw the operation of the law library during the catastrophic events of the Covid-19 pandemic and wildfires in Oregon last year, in which prisoners were evacuated from OSCI under threat of fire and OSCI was on numerous modified lockdowns.
- 34. At all relevant times, McKinney authorized plaintiff to assist other OSCI prisoners and present his own legal issues with (a) lawsuits related to Covid-19, including *Maney v. Brown*, 6:20-cv00570-SB, (b) clemency applications; (c) legal matters related to an ODOC's employee losing protected information that was taken home on a work computer; (d) legislative matters, (e) and the development of a mentorship program at OSCI with the support of ODOC administrative employees.

- 35. McKinney's conduct and relationship with all prisoners at OSCI is consistent with the "Oregon Way," that is, by humanizing and normalizing the prison environment and treating prisoners with dignity and by modeling life on the outside "to every degree possible."
- 36. Plaintiff has always maintained a professional and respectful working relationship with ODOC employees, including McKinney, which is also consistent with the Oregon Way.
- 37. As example of the environment McKinney created at OSCI law library, ODOC posted on Twitter (ODOC Twitter) on December 30, 2020, pictures of McKinney at work within the OSCI library as shown below:



Events Giving Rise to § 1983 Suit

38. On January 21, 2021, plaintiff was removed from his job as inmate legal assistant and placed on work restriction by defendant Plante, an investigator for the ODOC's Special Investigative Unit (SIU).

- 39. On January 21, 2021, defendant Plante met with plaintiff and ordered him to cease assisting other inmates with their legal affairs.
- 40. On or about January 21, 2021, McKenney was removed from her supervision over the OSCI library and stationed at a desk in another ODOC facility.
- 41. On or about April 15, 2021, McKenney, following what she described as a four-hour grilling by ODOC employees that was "brutal," resigned from her ODOC job because she was forced to "[e]ither resign or lose the [retirement] money match."
- 42. On August 4, 2021, plaintiff received a misconduct report that was signed by defendant Plante and by ODOC staff Melissa Nofziger that same day.
- 43. A true and genuine copy of the August 4, 2021, misconduct report is attached hereto as plaintiff's Exhibit 1.
- 44. The misconduct report alleged plaintiff had violated four ODOC rules: Compromising an Employee (4.15); Contraband II (1.11); Unauthorized Use of Information Systems I (1.25); and Disobedience of an Order I (4.01).
- 45. In the misconduct report, defendant Plante explained that upon receiving an "anonymous" communication about McKinney, plaintiff, and "other unauthorized things in the OSIC library," he conducted an investigation.
- 46. In the misconduct report, defendant Plante explained that he had searched plaintiff's assigned work area in the legal library and found a "white plastic child's toy phone" that McKinney told Plante she had purchased with her own money and gave to plaintiff without supervisor approval. For this, Defendant Plante charged plaintiff with Contraband II (1.11) and that he engaged in an unauthorized relationship with an employee.
- 47. An accurate image of the toy phone is show below:



- 48. McKinney placed the child's toy phone on plaintiff's work desk as a joke, not as a gift, which defendant Plante knew but intentionally omitted from his disciplinary report.
- 49. In the misconduct report, defendant Plante explained that he "reviewed hundreds of emails, from January 2020 through January 2021," that McKinney had sent and received from "individuals at an outside justice resource firm, or attorneys and other professionals," all of whom were associated with plaintiff in some manner. "Upon [defendant Plante's] closer review of the emails," Plante explained, he discovered that the emails contained "messages and attached legal documents[.]" Defendant Plante reported that the sending of these emails with attached legal documents saved plaintiff "at least \$387.40" in copy costs which constituted, in his view, a violation of ODOC rule "Disobedience of an Order I.
- 50. Defendant Plante stated in his disciplinary report that he had "reviewed a number of legal calls AIC Wilson had been allowed through the legal library phones," and that "between January 2020 through January 2021, AIC Wilson had been given 146 calls to individuals at the outside justice resource firm, and he and received an additional 15 calls to five other individuals."
- 51. The emails and phone calls that defendant Plante admits to reviewing and forming the basis for plaintiff's rule violation were, among other things, protected attorney client

communications and legal materials sent and received by and through, and with permission from, McKinney. When McKinney brought this to Defendant Plante's attention, he did not care.

- 52. Defendant Plante omits from his misconduct report the fact that prisoners, including legal assistants, do not have access to telephones or email. Phone calls with legal professionals are scheduled by McKenny and, when calls are received, she transfers the call to a secure phone. Similarly, McKenney's work emails are sent and received by her alone.
- 53. With respect to rule violation "Unauthorized Use of Information Systems I," defendant Plante alleged in the misconduct report that plaintiff knowingly chose to disregard and violate ODOC rules by printing a single copy of AIC's legal document from his printer after assisting in the preparation of the document without charging the AIC for the copy.
- 54. With respect to rule violation "Compromising an Employee," defendant Plante alleged that plaintiff "engaged in an unauthorized personal relationship" with McKenney because: (a) she gave a toy phone to plaintiff; (b) she directly assisted plaintiff with his "legal issues, case, and matters"; (c) she saved him money (at least \$387.40) by sending and emailing "legal documents" to attorneys and other professionals rather than charge him through regular mail; and (d) because she "admitted to giving [plaintiff] special privileges which not all AICs were afforded."
- 55. Defendant Plante represented in the misconduct report that he had interviewed McKinney and "she admitted that her relationships with several individuals at the outside justice resource firm became more of a personal friendship than a professional relationship." McKinney has declared that Defendant Plante had used intimidation and bullying tactics—all why threatening her ability to ever be employed again—to coerce statements out of her. She does not in fact

believe that she was compromised Plaintiff, nor that he broke any rules. She further declares that hers and Plaintiff's actions were condoned and encouraged by the facility.

- 56. Defendant Plante stated in the misconduct report that plaintiff's "actions were conducted in the legal library, while he was in his role as a legal assistant."
- 57. Each and every alleged rule violation in defendant Plante's misconduct report occurred under the supervision, authorization, or direction of McKinney in her role as OSCI legal coordinator.
- 58. In all the many years and under the five different legal coordinators, plaintiff has never been told that his actions and conduct as a legal assistant violated ODOC rules. Indeed, plaintiff has received letters of commendation from library coordinators, including McKinney, for his work.
- 59. On August 31, 2021, plaintiff was found guilty of three of the alleged violations Contraband II, Compromising an Employee, and Unauthorized Use of Information Systems II and given a sanction of 120 days in segregation, the maximum penalty. Plaintiff was found not guilty of the two other rule violations.
- 60. Subsequent to plaintiff's termination from position as legal assistant, ODOC removed hundreds of law books and research materials that were used by the legal assistants and inmates at OSCI over the last two decades.
- 61. On September 7, 2021, plaintiff filed a grievance, numbered OSCI_2021_09_049, against defendant and other ODOC officials for retaliatory conduct.
- 62. On September 14, 2021, OSCI grievance coordinator rejected plaintiff's grievance on the grounds that "An AIC may not submit a grievance, regarding misconduct reports, investigations, lending to or arising from misconduct reports, disciplinary hearings, findings, sanctions."

63. Plaintiff is currently in segregation, suffering an atypical and significant hardship from the ordinary experience of prison life.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(First and Fourteenth Amendment – Retaliation)

- 64. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs __ through __.
- 65. From January 2021 to the present, defendants personally engaged in and continue to engage in retaliatory actions against plaintiff in violation of his First and Fourteenth Amendment rights.
- 66. Defendant Plante has taken adverse actions against plaintiff, including by not limited to:
 (1) reading plaintiff's confidential legal material; (2) restricting, removing and punishing him for his work as a legal assistant and for his prisoner advocacy (3) placing him on work restriction from January 2021 until August 10, 2021; and (6) charging plaintiff with rule violations.
- 67. The adverse acts of defendant Plante, alleged in the previous paragraphs, were intentionally taken because of plaintiff's work as a legal assistant helping other prisoners on legal matters, his accessing the court, communication with legal professionals and his counsel by email and telephone, and his association and communication with the legal and legislative community as a prison advocate all of which are protected conduct involving litigation, advocacy, and political speech.
- 68. Defendant Plante's adverse actions have had a chilling effect on plaintiff's exercise of his First Amendment rights.
- 69. Defendant Plante charged plaintiff for rule violations for conduct authorized, facilitated, or done by McKinney in her role as OSCI legal coordinator.

- 70. Defendant Plante charged plaintiff but not other legal assistants and prisoner's at OSCI, even though he knew those individuals were granted similar privileges by McKinney and took similar actions.
- 71. Defendant Plante punished plaintiff because McKinney was friendly and helpful in carrying out her job as OSCI legal coordinator, and specifically for providing plaintiff access to the courts.
- 72. Defendant Plante's adverse actions are inconsistent with the Oregon Way in that he has punished plaintiff because McKinney normalized the prison environment and treated plaintiff and other prisoners humanely.
- 73. Defendant Plante used the investigative and misconduct system as subterfuge to obscure his intention to retaliate against plaintiff for his protected conduct.
- 74. Defendant Plante's actions against plaintiff do not reasonably advance a legitimate correctional goal nor were defendant's actions narrowly tailored enough to achieve such goals, to the extent they exist.

RELIEF SOUGHT

- 75. WEREFORE Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:
 - A. Issue a Declaratory Judgment stating that Defendant Plante retaliated against plaintiff in violation of the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
 - B. Issue and Injunction ordering defendants and their agents to immediately:
 - 1. Cease engaging in any and all ongoing acts of retaliation against plaintiff;
 - Cease engaging in any and all ongoing chilling of plaintiff's First and Fourteenth
 Amendment rights for the exercise of his protected conduct.

- 3. Credit plaintiff's inmate trust account with the difference in the monetary award he would have earned as an Inmate Legal Assistant and the amount of monetary awards he actually received for each month from January 2021 to the present.
- 4. Order plaintiff's assignment to the OSCI law library as a legal assistant.
- Assign plaintiff to incentive housing, where he was housed prior to January 20, 2021, in OSCI.
- C. Award compensatory damages against defendant.
- D. Award punitive damages against defendant for an amount to be determined at trial.
- E. Award reasonable costs and attorney fees.

Grant such other relief as this court deems just and equitable.

DATE: November 4, 2021.

/s/ Juan C. Chavez
Juan C. Chavez, OSB #136428
Attorney for Plaintiff

LEAD ATTORNEY

/s/ Franz H. Bruggemeier Franz H. Bruggemeier, OSB #163533 Attorney for Plaintiff